## AGENDA OF THE THIRD SESSION OF OIC-STATCOM 10–12 April 2013, Ankara – Turkey

10 April 2013		
09:00 - 09:30	Registration	
09:30 - 10:30 10:30 - 11:00	Opening Session	
	<ul> <li>a) Recitation of Some Verses from the Holy Quran</li> <li>b) Welcome Addresses by the Chair, COMCEC, OIC, IDB and SESRIC</li> <li>c) Opening Remarks by the Heads of National Statistics Offices of African, Arab, and Asian Groups (Uganda, Qatar and Turkey)</li> <li>d) Adoption of the Agenda</li> <li>e) Election of the Members of the Bureau (Chair, Vice Chairs and Rapporteur) for the Biennium 2013-2014</li> <li>f) Family Photo</li> </ul>	
	Coffee Break	
10.50 - 11.00	OIC-StatCom Technical Committee of Experts: Implemented Activities and	
11:00 - 13:00	This session will be dedicated to discuss the progress reports of the five technical committees of experts (TCE) that will be presented by the lead countries and SESRIC in its capacity as the Secretariat of OIC-StatCom. Future activities of the TCE will also be discussed to give direction to the undertakings of the respective TCEs.  a) OIC-StatCom TCE1: Presentation of the Progress Report for the Islamic Banking and Finance Statistics. Speaker: SESRIC  b) OIC-StatCom TCE2: Presentation and adoption of the Executive Work Plan (EWP) for the Short, Medium and Long Term Implementation of the OIC-StatCom Strategic Vision. The participants will review the EWP for the implementation of the OIC-StatCom Strategic Vision. Speaker: Indonesia	
13:00 – 14:30	Lunch Break	
14:30 – 15:30	<ul> <li>OIC-StatCom Technical Committee of Experts: Implemented Activities and the Way Forward (cont.)</li> <li>c) OIC-StatCom TCE3: Presentation of the Progress Report for the Accreditation Process. Speaker: SESRIC</li> <li>d) OIC-StatCom TCE4: Presentation of the Report prepared by the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) of United Arab Emirates on Gender Related Issues. Speaker: United Arab Emirates and SESRIC</li> <li>e) OIC-StatCom TCE5: Presentation of the Comprehensive Profile on the population and housing census experiences and practices from OIC Member Countries. Speaker: SESRIC</li> </ul>	
15:30 – 15:45	Coffee Break	

## Towards a More Comprehensive System of Labour Statistics

The impacts of the recent global economic and financial crisis on the labour market have been substantial in both developed and developing countries, including many OIC member countries, and triggered serious socio-economic problems such as changes in unemployment rate, working conditions (wages, hours of work, etc.), employment security and labour migration. In this regard, labour statistics is essential not only because of evaluating how the labour market is performing to address the challenges raised but also promoting decent work through long-term policies and programmes for job creation and selfemployment, enhancement of employability (i.e. capacity building, training and retraining schemes) and assistance for vulnerable groups, which may include young people, the aged and women. Additionally, the 19th International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 2013 will consider to adopt the revised draft standards of labour force and work statistics that will update the resolution adopted in 1982, and related guidelines. Recognising the need to revise and broaden the existing standards in order to enhance their usefulness in the post crisis period, this session will concentrate on the efforts aiming to develop a comprehensive system of labour statistics that is in harmony with other economic and social statistics and also takes account of the specific national and international circumstances. Besides discussing international requirements and country experiences on traditional labour related statistics, this session will address the labour productivity index which expresses how efficiently labour input is used for generating real output in an individual economy.

**Presenters**: ILO, Egypt, Malaysia and Turkey *Gala Dinner* 

## 11 April 2013

## Open Data Initiative: Challenges and Opportunities for NSOs of OIC Member Countries

Evidence-based policy making, which aims to improve policy relevant outcomes, requires different types of data coming from dispersed sources in most of the time. However, the dispersion and complex structuring of data may be a hindrance in achieving evidence-based policy making. Liberalising data through mass dissemination platforms, including the Internet, in an open format has the potential to bring a new breath to the statistical processes in data collection, production, and dissemination, and hence it promotes economic and social development, good governance, transparency, broader participation of citizens, innovation, and accountability. Based on this background, this session will focus on the best ways of disseminating data and discussions including but not limited to (i) What are the opportunities and challenges "Open Data" poses to National Statistical Systems? (ii) What are the required components in the official statistics environment for "Open Data" to succeed? (iii) When and how to apply "Open Data" in OIC

09:00 - 11:00

18:30

15:45 - 18:00

	Member Countries for evidence-based policy making, and development? (iv) What are the formal policies and procedures that determine the best way for data dissemination in a country context?
	Presenters: PROGNOZ, Indonesia, Palestine, Senegal, and Turkey
11:00 – 11:15	Coffee Break
11:15 – 13:00	From MDGs to SDGs: Involvement of National Statistical Offices in Measuring Progress in the Post-2015 Period  Following the respective resolution of the Rio+20 Conference on Sustainable Development, an intergovernmental process will take place to develop the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) during three years that is planned to be concluded in 2015. Unlike the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), the SDGs will also be applicable to the developed countries as a result of which the identification of how to measure progress in the post-2015 period will include complex negotiations given the differences in social practice, cognitive orientation, political interests and strategic priorities of the countries. Although
	the political dimension of SDG identification process holds the ultimate decision in establishing the goals, targets, and indicators; supply of development data by the National Statistical Offices (NSOs) play a critical role in the way forward. In this regard, this session will give the delegates the opportunity to discuss how NSOs should take part in forming and overseeing the post-2015 development agenda at the national, OIC, and international level.  Presenters: UNSD, EUROSTAT, Cameroon, Niger, Oman and Turkey
13:00 – 14:30	Lunch Break
14:30 – 15:00	SESRIC's Technical Cooperation Proposal on Development of Data Visualization Tools  Various modalities of cooperation with the NSOs will be presented by SESRIC in regard with the development of data visualization tools.  Presenter: SESRIC
15:00 – 18:00	Open Discussion and Closing Session  In this session, the floor will be open for open discussion in which participants can discuss the outcomes of the Session. The Closing Session includes:  a) Overview of the Draft Agenda Items for the Fourth Session of the OIC—StatCom  b) Adoption of the Resolutions of the Session c) Closing Remarks
	16:15 – 16:30: Coffee and Video Break

12 April 2013	
09:30 – 13:00	Social Event: Hamamönü District