

Who are we?

- Doctors Worldwide (DWW) was established in 2000 in Manchester, UK. DWW-Turkey started in 2004 in Istanbul.
- DWW intends to provide medical relief to all citizens of the earth in need regardless of their race, religion, ethnicity or nationality.
- DWWT complies with the principles of humanitarian action and advocates for the respect of international humanitarian law when needed.
- So far DWWT has implemented projects in over 35 countries worldwide.
- 1500 volunteers across Turkey



Partnerships

- DWW is a member of IRCRC Movement and NGOs in Disaster Relief Agreement
DWW has undertaken many projects in cooperation with TİKA
- DWW has the ECOSOC consultative status
DWW has implemented projects with UNICEF
- DWW has participated to various trainings organized by OCHA and UNDAC
DWW is a member of FİMA (Federation of Islamic Medical Associations)
- DWW is a member of the OIC Humanitarian Forum
- DWW has many local implementing partners on the field
- Our aim is to bring a connection between international humanitarian actors and local partners.



A Tri-lateral Inegrated Approach combining :

- **Emergency Relief:** Short-term urgent relief in the case of disasters, whether man-made or natural
- **Extended Medical Relief:** After addressing urgent health care issues, focuses on prevention of epidemics and outbreaks of infection due to poor hygiene and sub-optimal living conditions.
- **Rehabilitation, Reconstruction and Medical Education:** Long-term medical relief in cooperation with local doctors. Major emphasis is placed on assistance with the rehabilitation of societies no longer at war in re-establishing their health-care system. DWW is committed to providing medical education and training to local health care workers whenever possible.



II : Case study : DWWT multifaceted medical relief operation in Somalia : from emergency relief to capacity building



Horn Africa Crisis: situation in July 2011

- Worst drought in the last 60 years.
- 15 million people affected
- In July 2011 over 750,000 people were starving
- 7,5 million people had left their homes
- There were 1 million refugees in neighbouring countries.



A: Emergency relief:

In order to answer the most urgent needs of the affected population DWWT immediately took action and launched its “Life Mission for Africa” in July 2012 providing emergency relief.

1. **Medicines:** 143,135 boxes of drug (worth \$ 800,000) sent to Somalia in the first months

Beside of this donation, 10,000 boxes of medical supplies and medicines were distributed in November 2011.





2. Food: As part of the “Life Mission to Africa” 1000 dry food packages were distributed. A total of 6000 people have benefited from these packages. Total food aid was 50 tons.

3. A total of 8.978.873,28 TL food and non-food items (medicines, medical equipment) shipped to Mogadishu.



4. Emergency relief in refugee camps in Kenya: From August 3rd to October 23rd 2011, DWWT distributed hot meals to 60 000 people in Ifo refugee camp in Dadaab. On November 1st, 665 dry food packages were distributed to meet with the needs of families in Labagassella and Dagahaley camps within Dadaab complex. A total of 3990 people have benefited from these packages.



1. Qurbani organization:

Every year, DWWT also takes benefit of the Qurbani festival which is part of the celebration of the Islamic Hajj, to try and ensure that as many individuals as possible will have access to meat protein in their diet.

Year	2011	2012	2013
shares	5053	3890	1680
cows	722	555	240



B: Early recovery

While taking these first steps DWWT was already undertaking need assessments for early recovery and long term capacity building projects. Indeed, our aim as DWWT is to work hand in hand with local actors involved in order to bring sustainable change.



1. Volunteer Medical teams

- 3 teams to Benadir hospital
- More than 3000 examinations and 66 operations

2. Mother and Child Health and Nutrition Center

- From October 2011 to June 2013 DWWT implemented 3 Health and Nutrition centers in Hodan, Lafole and Yaqshid.
- Most of beneficiaries from IDP camps in Mogadishu.
- Projects implemented with the support of UNICEF, IMANA and local partner
- Treatment for infectious diseases, malaria, pneumonia, skin infections...
- 12,000 children treated for acute malnutrition
- Empowerment of local communities
- Over 50,000 examinations
- Provision of medicines
- Therapeutic food



C: Capacity building

1. Shifa hospital in Mogadishu

- Construction work started in September 2011 and the hospital opened in March 2012.
- When it opened in March 2012 it was the first modern hospital in Hodan region in Mogadishu .
- Bringing together major international humanitarian actors and local partners: Medical Park, TIKA, Turkish Red Crescent, Ministry of Health, Benadir University
- Shifa hospital has Obstetrics and Gynaecology, Paediatrics, Internal Medicine, General Surgery, Emergency Services.
- 66 bed capacity
- 2 operating theaters
- 3 delivery table in the maternity unit
- Laboratory, radiology...
- Free of charge medical care



Emergency	IPD	Surgery	Policlinic	Birth deliveries
4695	3496	928	55065	276

- Medical teams were regularly sent from Turkey to perform complex surgeries and train the staff in different specialities (ophtalmology, paediatrics, orthopaedics, plastic surgery...)

- ✓ 106 volunteers
- ✓ 750+ surgeries
- ✓ 10370 examinations



Capacity buiding of local staff:

13 Somali physicians and nurses came to Istanbul to undertake a two-months training in Bezmialem Vakıf University

10 doctors

10 nurses

4 midwives

6 technicians

20 other staff

Total: 77 local staff



Training sessions for the staff were organized both in university hospitals in Istanbul and in Shifa hospital.



- Once DWWT had trained the staff and settled the management system, the hospital was handed over to our local partner Fiqi foundation in January 2014



1. Educational projects

In a capacity building perspective education is the cornerstone of our long term strategy.

DWWT Educational Strategy:



2.A: Bringing together Turkish medical universities and their local counterparts

DWWT is part of a Bilateral Agreement for Medical Trainings between:

- The largest university Hospital in Somalia, **Benadir University Hospital** And:
- İstanbul Medeniyet University (İstanbul)
- Bezmialem Vakıf University (İstanbul)

These agreements include:

- Trainings for Doctors, Nurses, Health Workers
- Post-Graduate Medical Education



2.B: Post-Graduate Medical Education in Somalia

- DWW has initiated a 'Medical Specialist Training Program' in Benadir University, Somalia with the support of İstanbul Medeniyet University.
- Today it is Somalia's ONLY Post-Graduate program was launched in February 2013.
- It includes:
 - General Surgery
 - Emergency and Trauma Surgery

The program includes various academic lectures and residency periods in Benadir University Hospital and in IMU Göztepe Training and Research Hospital in İstanbul.

In 2013 10 Somali doctors were selected following an exam and enrolled in the program.



2.C: Ibn Sina School Of Health Services

- DWWT recently opened its 'IBN SINA SCHOOL OF HEALTH SERVICES (VSHS)' in Mogadishu with the support of Benadir University and TIKA.
- Facilities:
- Benadir University Laboratories
- DWW Al-Shifa Hospital

3 programs has been launched in Sept. 2013:

1. Nursing
2. Midwifery
3. Laboratory Technician



Below 5 programs shall be taught in Ibn-i Sina upon decision after the need assessment:

1. Anesthesia Technician
2. Pharmacy Assistant
3. Dental Technician
4. Radiology Technician
5. Ophthalmic Technician

2.D: First Somalia National Health Conference was held with the support of

Doctors Worldwide

Supported by Doctors Worldwide and World Health Organization, Somalia's first National Health Conference, organized by the Somalia Ministry of Human Development and Public Services, has attracted over 400 health professionals from across Somalia and abroad. Aiming to discuss how to improve the Somali health sector and call back Somali health professionals from Diaspora, the three-day conference was opened on Thursday (7th November) by Prime Minister Abdi Farah Shirdoon and Minister of Human Development and Public Services, Dr. Maryan Qasim, and on Saturday (9th November) was closed by the speech of President Hassan Sheikh Mohamoud.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION